

# ECG753

## WIDE-BAND AMPLIFIER

ECG753 is designed for FM/IF and low-level audio applications.

- High Audio Gain - 60 dB minimum
- Useful as a Microphone Amplifier and in Tape Recorders and Cassettes
- Excellent Performance as a 10.7 MHz FM/IF Amplifier
- High Transconductance ( $g_m$ ) Ideally Suited to Low Impedance Ceramic Filters

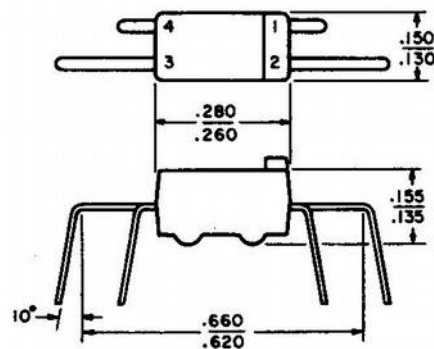
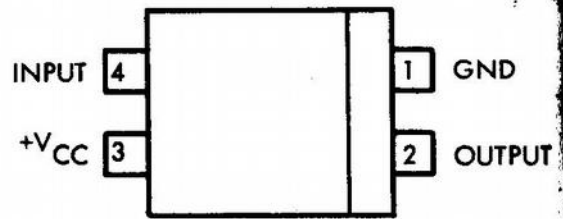


Figure 1 - FM/IF Amplifier

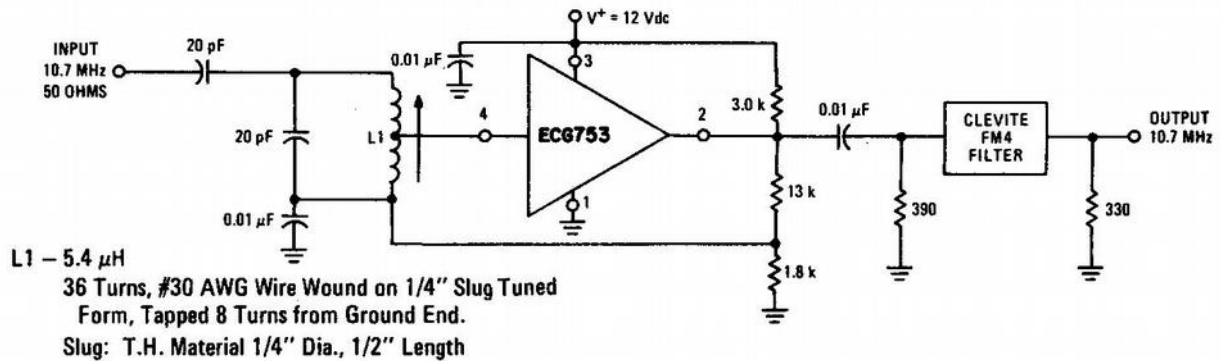
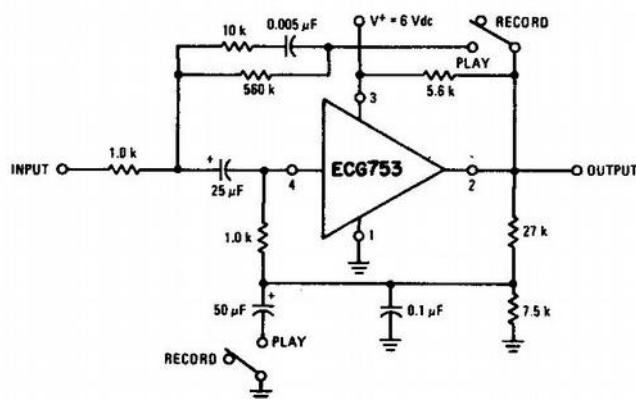


Figure 2 - Record/Play Preamplifier for Cassette and Portable Tape Recorders



Maximum Ratings ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	$V^+$	18	Vdc
Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Package Limitation) Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	0.5	Watt
		5.0	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating Temperature Range	$T_A$	-10 to +75	$^\circ\text{C}$

Electrical Characteristics ( $V^+ = 6.0\text{ Vdc}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Open Loop Voltage Gain (Figure 3) ( $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$ )	$A_{VOL}$	60	68	-	dB
h Parameters (1) ( $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$ )	$h_{11}$	-	1.0	-	k ohms
	$h_{12}$	-	$10^{-6}$	-	-
	$h_{21}$	-	1000	-	-
	$h_{22}$	-	$10^{-5}$	-	mhos
Output Noise Voltage (Figure 3) (BW = 20 Hz to 20 kHz, $R_S = 1.0\text{ k ohms}$ )	$e_{n(out)}$	-	3.0	-	mV(rms)
Current Drain	$I_D$	-	3.0	-	mA

High Frequency Characteristics ( $V^+ = 12\text{ Vdc}$ ,  $f = 10.7\text{ MHz}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Power Gain (Figure 1) ( $e_{in} = 0.1\text{ mVrms}$ )	-	-	42	-	dB
Noise Figure (Figure 1) ( $R_S \approx 740\text{ Ohms}$ )	NF	-	6.0	-	dB
$y$ Parameters(1) ( $f = 10.7\text{ MHz}$ , $I_2 = 2.0\text{ mA}$ )	$Y_{11}$	-	$1.3 + j1.5$	-	mmhos
	$Y_{12}$	-	$-3.4 + j8.1$	-	$\mu\text{mhos}$
	$Y_{21}$	-	$-0.33 + j0.68$	-	mhos
	$Y_{22}$	-	$120 + j0$	-	$\mu\text{mhos}$

(1) Device only, without external passive components.

Figure 3 - Audio Test Circuit

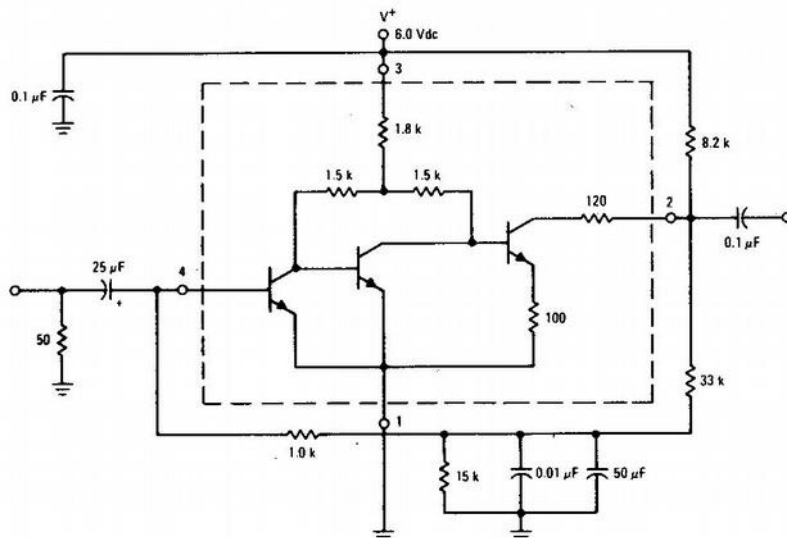
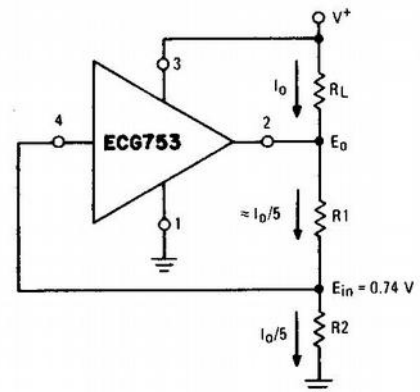


Figure 4 - Biasing Recommendations



Select:  $V^+$ ,  $E_0$ , and  $I_0$   
 Solve for:  $R_L = (V^+ - E_0)/I_0$   
 Let:  $R_2 = 5(0.74)/I_0$   
 Then:  $R_1 = R_2(E_0 - 0.74)/0.74$