

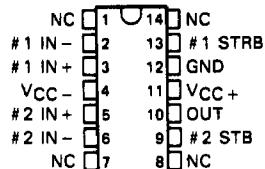
- Fast Response Times
- Low Offset Characteristics
- Output Compatible with Most TTL Circuits
- Designed to be Interchangeable with Fairchild μ A711 and μ A711C

description

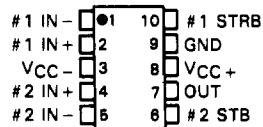
The uA711 is a high-speed dual-channel comparator with differential inputs and a low-impedance output. Component matching, inherent with silicon monolithic circuit fabrication techniques, produces a comparator circuit with low-drift and low-offset characteristics. An independent strobe input is provided for each of the two channels, which when taken low, inhibits the associated channel. If both strobes are simultaneously low, the output will be low regardless of the conditions applied to the differential inputs. The comparator output pulse duration can be "stretched" by varying the capacitive loading. These dual comparators are particularly useful for applications requiring an amplitude-discriminating sense amplifier with an adjustable threshold voltage.

The uA711M is characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of -55°C to 125°C ; the uA711C is characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C .

J OR N DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)

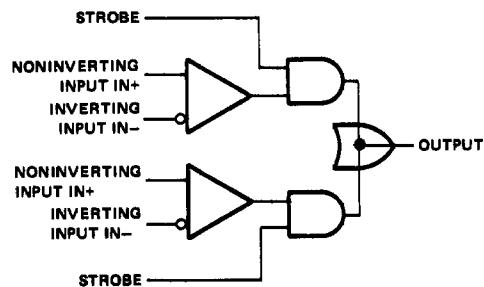


U FLAT PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



NC—No internal connection

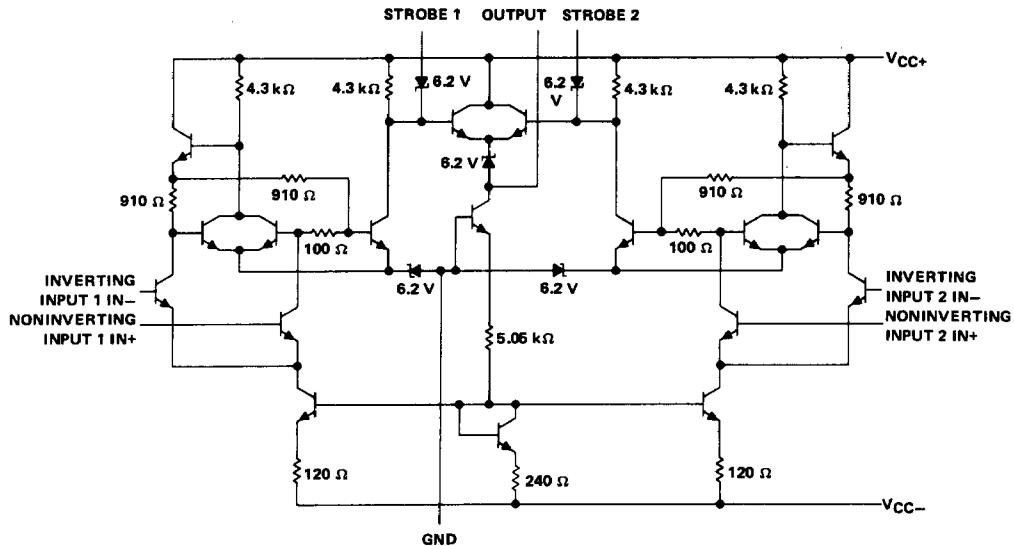
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functional block diagram

Voltage Comparators

TYPES uA711M, uA711C DUAL-CHANNEL DIFFERENTIAL COMPARATORS WITH STROBES

schematic



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Component values shown are nominal.

Voltage Comparators

absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	uA711M	uA711C	UNIT
Supply voltage V_{CC+} (see Note 1)	14	14	V
Supply voltage V_{CC-} (see Note 1)	-7	-7	V
Differential input voltage (see Note 2)	± 5	± 5	V
Input voltage (any input, see Note 1)	± 7	± 7	V
Strobe voltage (see Note 1)	6	6	V
Peak output current ($t_W \leq 1$ s)	50	50	mA
Continuous total power dissipation at (or below) 70°C free-air temperature (see Note 3)	300	300	mW
Operating free-air temperature range	-55 to 125	0 to 70	°C
Storage temperature range	-65 to 150	-65 to 150	°C
Lead temperature 1.6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 60 seconds J or U package	300	300	°C
Lead temperature 1.6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds N package	260	—	°C

NOTES: 1. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to the network ground terminal.

2. Differential voltages are at the noninverting input terminal with respect to the inverting input terminal.

3. For operation of uA711M above 70°C free-air temperature, refer to Dissipation Derating Curves, Section 2. In the J package, uA711M chips are alloy mounted; uA711C chips are glass mounted.

TYPES uA711M, uA711C
DUAL-CHANNEL DIFFERENTIAL COMPARATORS WITH STROBES

electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{CC+} = 12 \text{ V}$, $V_{CC-} = -6 \text{ V}$
 (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS [†]	uA711M			uA711C			UNIT
		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO} Input offset voltage	$R_S \leq 200 \Omega$, $V_{IC} = 0$, See Note 4	25°C	1	3.5	1	5		mV
		Full range			4.5		6	
	$R_S \leq 200 \Omega$, See Note 4	25°C	1	5	1	7.5		
		Full range			6		10	
α_{VIO} Average temperature coefficient of input offset voltage	$R_S \leq 200 \Omega$, $V_{IC} = 0$, See Note 4	Full range			5		5	$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
I_{IO} Input offset current	See Note 4	25°C	0.5	10	0.5	15		μA
		Full range			20		25	
I_{IB} Input bias current	See Note 4	25°C	25	75	25	100		μA
		Full range			150		150	
$I_{IL(S)}$ Low-level strobe current	$V_{(strobe)} = 0$, $V_{ID} = 10 \text{ mV}$	25°C	-1.2	-2.5	-1.2	-2.5		mA
V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range	$V_{CC-} = -7 \text{ V}$	25°C	± 5		± 5			V
V_{ID} Differential input voltage range		25°C	± 5		± 5			V
A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification	No load, $V_O = 0$ to 2.5 V	25°C	750	1500	700	1500		
		Full range	500		500			
V_{OH} High-level output voltage	$V_{ID} = 10 \text{ mV}$, $I_{OH} = 0$	25°C	4.5	5	4.5	5		V
	$V_{ID} = 10 \text{ mV}$, $I_{OH} = -5 \text{ mA}$	25°C	2.5	3.5	2.5	3.5		
V_{OL} Low-level output voltage	$V_{ID} = -10 \text{ mV}$, $I_{OL} = 0$	25°C	-1	-0.5	0 [‡]	-1	-0.5	V
	$V_{ID} = -10 \text{ mV}$, $V_{(strobe)} = 0.3 \text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 0$	25°C	-1	0 [‡]	-1	0 [‡]		
I_{OL} Low-level output current	$V_{ID} = -10 \text{ mV}$, $V_O = 0$	25°C	0.5	0.8	0.5	0.8		mA
r_o Output resistance	$V_O = 1.4 \text{ V}$	25°C		200		200		Ω
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$R_S \leq 200 \Omega$	25°C	70	90	65	90		dB
I_{CC+} Supply current from V_{CC+}	$V_{ID} = -5 \text{ V}$ to 5 V (-10 mV for typ), Strobes alternately grounded,	25°C		9		9		mA
		25°C		-4		-4		mA
P_D Total power dissipation	No load	25°C	130	200	130	230		mW

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Voltage Comparators

[†] Unless otherwise noted, all characteristics are measured with the strobe of the channel under test open. The strobe of the other channel is grounded. Full range for uA711M is -55°C to 125°C and for the uA711C is 0°C to 70°C.

[‡] The algebraic convention, where the most-positive (least-negative) limit is designated as maximum, is used in this data sheet for logic levels only, e.g., when 0 V is the maximum, the minimum limit is a more-negative voltage.

NOTE 4: These characteristics are verified by measurements at the following temperatures and output voltage levels: for uA711M, $V_O = 1.8 \text{ V}$ at $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$, $V_O = 1.4 \text{ V}$ at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, and $V_O = 1 \text{ V}$ at $T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$; for uA711C, $V_O = 1.5 \text{ V}$ at $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$, $V_O = 1.4 \text{ V}$ at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, and $V_O = 1.2 \text{ V}$ at $T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$. These output voltage levels were selected to approximate the logic threshold voltages of the types of digital logic circuits these comparators are intended to drive.

switching characteristics, $V_{CC+} = 12 \text{ V}$, $V_{CC-} = -6 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

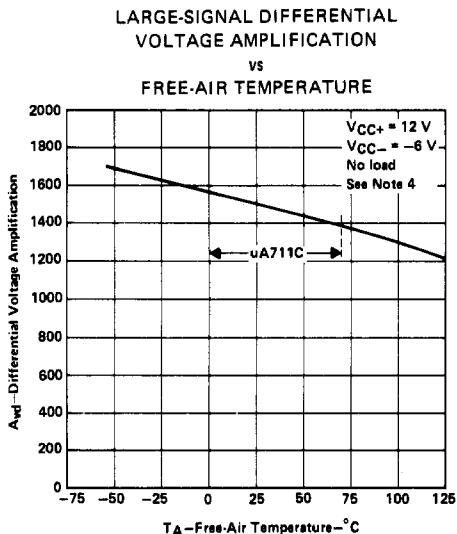
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	uA711M			uA711C			UNIT
		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
Response time	No load, See Note 5		40	80		40		ns
Strobe release time	No load, See Note 6		7	25		7		ns

NOTES: 5. The response time specified is for a 100-mV input step with 5-mV overdrive and is the interval between the input step function and the instant when the output crosses 1.4 V.

6. For testing purposes, the input bias conditions are selected to produce an output voltage of 1.4 V. A 5-mV overdrive is then added to the input bias voltage to produce an output voltage that rises above 1.4 V. The time interval is measured from the 50% point on the strobe voltage waveform to the instant when the overdriven output voltage crosses the 1.4-V level.

TYPES uA711M, uA711C DUAL-CHANNEL DIFFERENTIAL COMPARATORS WITH STROBES

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



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FIGURE 1

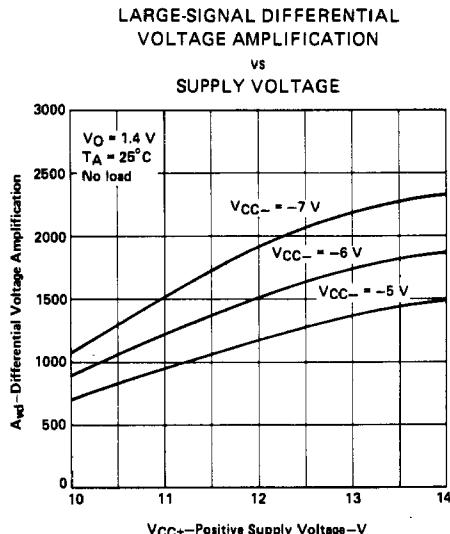


FIGURE 2

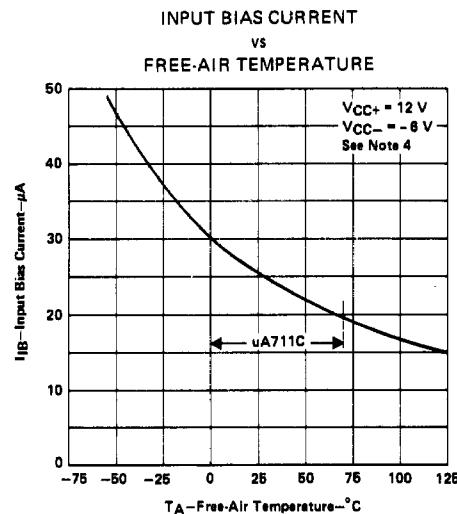


FIGURE 3

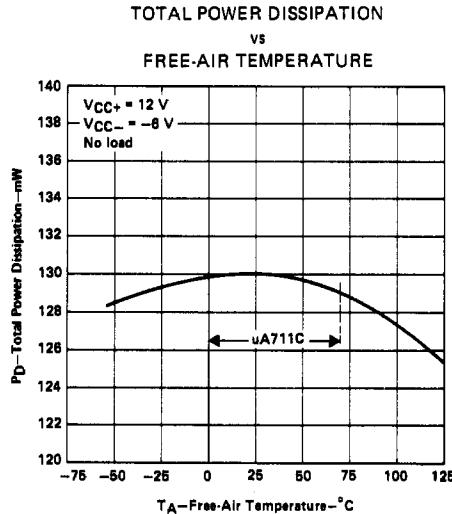


FIGURE 4

NOTE 4: These characteristics are verified by measurements at the following temperatures and output voltage levels: for uA711M, $V_O = 1.8\text{ V}$ at $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$, $V_O = 1.4\text{ V}$ at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, and $V_O = 1\text{ V}$ at $T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$; for uA711C, $V_O = 1.5\text{ V}$ at $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$, $V_O = 1.4\text{ V}$ at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, and $V_O = 1.2\text{ V}$ at 70°C . These output voltage levels were selected to approximate the logic threshold voltages of the types of digital logic circuits these comparators are intended to drive.

**TYPES uA711M, uA711C
DUAL-CHANNEL DIFFERENTIAL COMPARATORS WITH STROBES**

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

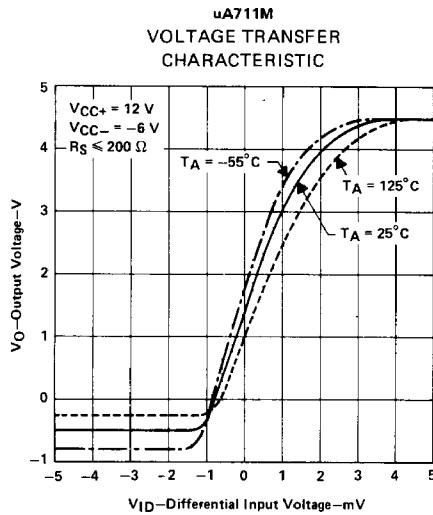


FIGURE 5

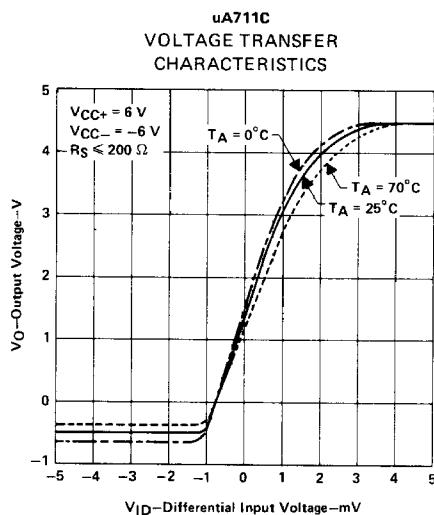


FIGURE 6

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Voltage Comparators

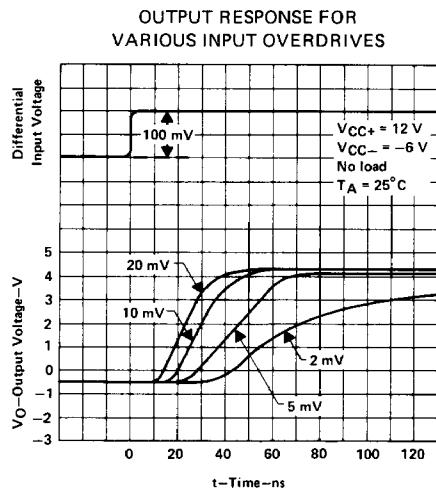


FIGURE 7

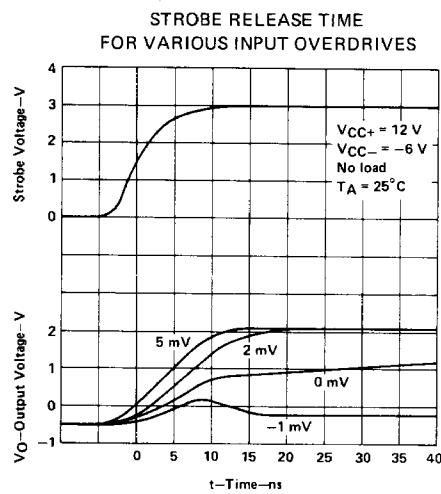


FIGURE 8