



T-37-17

## SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

P-N-P silicon planar epitaxial transistors in plastic TO-92 envelope for general purpose applications.  
 N-P-N complement is PN2222/A.

## QUICK REFERENCE DATA

		PN2907	PN2907A
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	-V <sub>CEO</sub>	max. 40	60 V
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	-V <sub>CBO</sub>	max. 60	V
Collector current (d.c.)	-I <sub>C</sub>	max. 600	mA
Total power dissipation up to Tamb = 25 °C	P <sub>tot</sub>	max. 625	mW
Collector-emitter saturation voltage -I <sub>C</sub> = 150 mA; -I <sub>B</sub> = 15 mA	-V <sub>CESat</sub>	max. 0,4	V
D.C. current gain -I <sub>C</sub> = 150 mA; -V <sub>CE</sub> = 10 V	h <sub>FE</sub>	min. 100 max. 300	

## MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

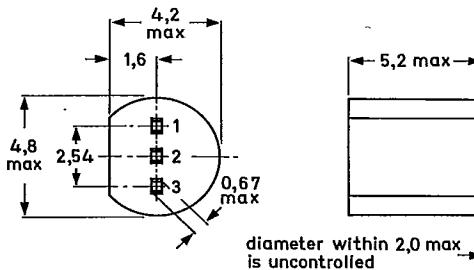
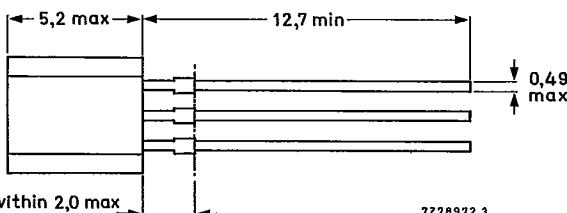
Fig. 1 TO-92.

## Pinning

- 1 = collector
- 2 = base
- 3 = emitter



MB9018

0,40  
mindiameter within 2,0 max  
is uncontrolled

7228972.3

Capability approved to CECC NECC-C-002

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**RATINGS**

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

			PN2907	PN2907A
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	-V <sub>CCEO</sub>	max.	40	60 V
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	-V <sub>CBO</sub>	max.	60	V
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)	-V <sub>EBO</sub>	max.	5,0	V
Collector current (d.c.)	-I <sub>C</sub>	max.	600	mA
Total power dissipation up to T <sub>tamb</sub> = 25 °C	P <sub>tot</sub>	max.	625	mW
Storage temperature range	T <sub>stg</sub>		-65 to +150	°C
Junction temperature	T <sub>j</sub>	max.	150	°C

**THERMAL RESISTANCE**

From junction to ambient in free air	R <sub>th j-a</sub>	=	200	K/W
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**CHARACTERISTICS**T<sub>j</sub> = 25 °C unless otherwise specified

Collector-emitter breakdown voltage I <sub>B</sub> = 0; -I <sub>C</sub> = 10 mA	-V <sub>(BR)CEO</sub>	min.	40	60 V
Collector-base breakdown voltage I <sub>E</sub> = 0; -I <sub>C</sub> = 10 μA	-V <sub>(BR)CBO</sub>	min.	60	V
Emitter-base breakdown voltage -I <sub>E</sub> = 10 μA; I <sub>C</sub> = 0	-V <sub>(BR)EBO</sub>	min.	5,0	V
Base cut-off current -V <sub>CE</sub> = 30 V; -V <sub>BE</sub> = 0,5 V	-I <sub>BEX</sub>	max.	50	nA
Collector cut-off current -V <sub>CE</sub> = 30 V; -V <sub>BE</sub> = 0,5 V	-I <sub>CEX</sub>	max.	50	nA
Collector cut-off current I <sub>E</sub> = 0; V <sub>CB</sub> = 50 V	-I <sub>CBO</sub>	max.	20	10 nA
I <sub>E</sub> = 0; V <sub>CB</sub> = 50 V; T <sub>tamb</sub> = 125 °C	-I <sub>CBO</sub>	max.	20	10 μA
D.C. current gain -I <sub>C</sub> = 0,1 mA; -V <sub>CE</sub> = 10 V	h <sub>FE</sub>	min.	35	75
-I <sub>C</sub> = 1,0 mA; -V <sub>CE</sub> = 10 V	h <sub>FE</sub>	min.	50	100
-I <sub>C</sub> = 10 mA; -V <sub>CE</sub> = 10 V	h <sub>FE</sub>	min.	75	100
-I <sub>C</sub> = 150 mA; -V <sub>CE</sub> = 10 V	h <sub>FE</sub>	min.	100	100
-I <sub>C</sub> = 500 mA; -V <sub>CE</sub> = 10 V	h <sub>FE</sub>	max.	300	300
	h <sub>FE</sub>	min.	30	50

## PN2907 | PN2907A

## Saturation voltages

$-I_C = 150 \text{ mA}; -I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$	$-V_{CEsat}$	max.	0,4	V
$-I_C = 500 \text{ mA}; -I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$	$-V_{CEsat}$	max.	1,6	V
$-I_C = 150 \text{ mA}; -I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$	$-V_{BEsat}$	max.	1,3	V
$-I_C = 150 \text{ mA}; -I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$	$-V_{BEsat}$	max.	2,6	V

Transition frequency at  $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$ 

$-I_C = 50 \text{ mA}; -V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}; T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	$f_T$	min.	200	MHz
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Output capacitance at  $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ 

$I_E = 0; -V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}; T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	$C_C$	max.	8,0	pF
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Input capacitance at  $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ 

$I_C = 0; -V_{EB} = 2,0 \text{ V}; T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	$C_E$	max.	30	pF
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## Switching times

## Turn-on time (see Fig. 2)

$-I_C = 150 \text{ mA}; -I_{Bon} = 15 \text{ mA};$	$t_{on}$	max.	45	ns
$-V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}$	$t_d$	max.	10	ns
delay time	$t_r$	max.	40	ns

## Turn-off time (see Fig. 3)

$-I_C = 150 \text{ mA}; -I_{Bon} = I_{Boff} = 15 \text{ mA};$	$t_{off}$	max.	100	ns
$-V_{CC} = 6,0 \text{ V}$	$t_s$	max.	80	ns
storage time	$t_f$	max.	30	ns

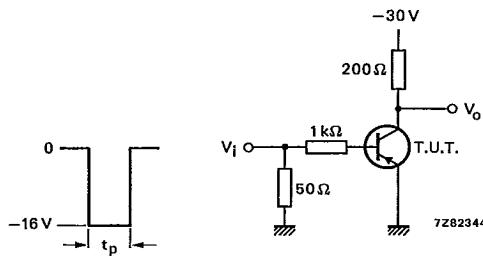


Fig. 2 Input waveform and test circuit for determining delay, rise and turn-on time.

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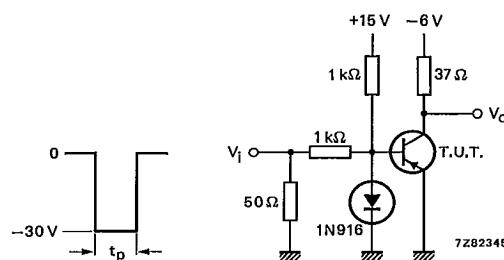


Fig. 3 Input waveform and test circuit for determining storage, fall and turn-off time.

Pulse generator (see Figs 2 and 3)

frequency	$f$	=	150 Hz
pulse duration	$t_p$	=	200 ns
rise time	$t_r$	$\leqslant$	2 ns
output impedance	$Z_o$	=	50 Ω

Oscilloscope (see Figs 2 and 3)

rise time	$t_r$	$\leqslant$	5 ns
input impedance	$Z_i$	$\leqslant$	10 MΩ