



SILICON PLANAR TRANSISTOR

N-P-N transistor in a plastic TO-92 envelope. The BF198 has a very low feedback capacitance and is intended for use in the forward gain control stage of the television i.f. amplifier.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V_{CBO}	max.	40 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CEO}	max.	30 V
Collector current (d.c.)	I_C	max.	25 mA
Total power dissipation up to $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	500 mW
Junction temperature	T_j	max.	150 °C
Transition frequency at $f = 100$ MHz $I_C = 4$ mA; $V_{CE} = 10$ V	f_T	typ.	400 MHz
Feedback capacitance at $f = 10,7$ MHz $I_C = 1$ mA; $V_{CE} = 10$ V	$-C_{re}$	typ.	200 fF

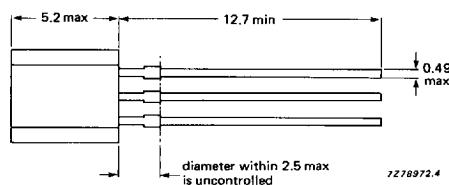
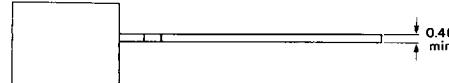
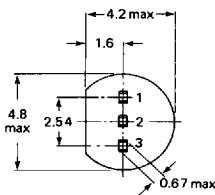
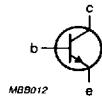
MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Fig. 1 TO-92.

Pinning

- 1 = base
- 2 = emitter
- 3 = collector



Capability approved to CECC NECC-C-002

RATINGS Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V_{CBO}	max.	40	V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CEO}	max.	30	V
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)	V_{EBO}	max.	4	V
Collector current (d.c.)	I_C	max.	25	mA
Collector current (peak value)	I_{CM}	max.	25	mA
Total power dissipation up to $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	500	mW
Storage temperature range	T_{stg}	-65 to +150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	
Junction temperature	T_j	max.	150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

THERMAL RESISTANCE

From junction to ambient in free air $R_{th\ j-a} = 0,25 \text{ K/mW}$

CHARACTERISTICS

T_{amb} = 25 °C unless otherwise specified

Base current at about 50 dB gain control

I_C = 6 mA; V_{CE} = 2 V

I_B < 270 μA

I_C = 15 mA; V_{CE} = 5 V

I_B < 1,5 mA

Base current

I_C = 4 mA; V_{CE} = 10 V

I_B typ. 60 μA

< 150 μA

Base-emitter voltage 1)

I_C = 4 mA; V_{CE} = 10 V

V_{BE} typ. 760 mV

< 850 mV

Feedback capacitance at f = 10.7 MHz

I_C = 1 mA; V_{CE} = 10 V

-C_{re} typ. 200 fF

Transition frequency at f = 100 MHz

I_C = 4 mA; V_{CE} = 10 V

f_T typ. 400 MHz

1) V_{BE} decreases by about 1,7 mV/K with increasing temperature.